

Whistleblowing Policy

Warden Plastics seeks to conduct its business honestly and with integrity at all times. However, we acknowledge that organisations face the risk of their activities going wrong from time to time, or of unknowingly harbouring malpractice. We believe we have a duty to take appropriate measures to identify such situations and attempt to remedy them. By encouraging a culture of openness and accountability within the organisation, we believe that we can help prevent such situations occurring.

We expect all staff to maintain high standards and to report any wrongdoing. It is the responsibility of all staff to raise any concerns that they might have about malpractice within the workplace. The aim of this policy is to ensure that our staff are confident that they can raise any matters of genuine concern without fear of reprisals, in the knowledge that they will be taken seriously and that the matters will be investigated appropriately and regarded as confidential.

The following guidance sets out the procedure by which staff can report concerns about workplace practices.

Whistleblowing is the disclosure of information by an employee or worker which relates to some danger, fraud or other illegal or unethical conduct in the workplace. The Employment Rights Act 1996 as amended by the Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998 governs the making of disclosures concerning workplace activities and is intended to protect employees who blow the whistle on bad practice from being subjected to any detriment or unfairly dismissed as a result.

All staff are covered by the policy.

Who is responsible for the implementation of the policy?

The Managing Director has overall responsibility for Warden Plastics policy on whistleblowing. Responsibility for monitoring and reviewing the operation of the policy and any recommendations for change within the organisation resulting from investigations into complaints under the policy lies with the Company.

The Managing Director has a specific responsibility to facilitate the operation of this policy and to ensure that staff feel able to raise concerns without fear of reprisals in accordance with the procedure set down below.

All staff are responsible for the success of this policy and should ensure that they take steps to disclose any wrongdoing or malpractice of which they become aware.

What disclosures are covered?

This policy is distinct from our Grievance Procedure. If you have a complaint relating to your personal circumstances in the workplace then you should use the Grievance Procedure. Concerns about malpractice within the organisation which affects or could affect customers, service users, members of the public or other members of staff should be raised using the procedure set out below.

You should use this policy if you have a genuine concern that there are reasonable grounds for believing that:

- a criminal offence has been committed, is being committed, or is likely to be committed; or

- a person has failed, is failing, or is likely to fail to comply with their legal obligations; or
- a miscarriage of justice has occurred, is occurring, or is likely to occur; or
- the health and safety of any individual has been, is being, or likely to be endangered; or the environment has been, is being or is likely to be damaged; or
- any of the above are being, or are likely to be, deliberately concealed.

In the context of Warden Plastics business, particular concerns which may fall within the terms of this policy include, for example, breach of confidentiality, misconduct, negligence, financial fraud, harassment occurring to others and health and safety. In general, this policy covers actions or omissions you consider are illegal, contrary to policy or established actions which could damage Warden Plastics reputation and conflicts of interest. However, only disclosures concerning those actions falling strictly within the categories above will be eligible for the relevant statutory protection.

We will value any concerns reported in good faith under this procedure. If you are uncertain whether the matters concerning you are within the scope of this policy (for example, if you are suspicious but uncertain as to whether the law has been broken, or whether a person acting outside the scope of their authority), we encourage you to report the concerns to the Company in accordance with the procedure set out below

To whom should a disclosure be made?

We recognise that you may not feel comfortable discussing concerns with your direct line manager. For the purposes of this procedure you are asked, in the first instance, to raise concerns about any form of malpractice falling within the categories outlined above with Supervisor, Manager or the Managing Director.

We will always endeavour to handle investigations promptly and fairly, but if you have made a disclosure under the procedure outlined below and you are not satisfied with the investigation or its conclusion, you should contact our external auditor David House detailing your concerns.

The aim of the policy is to provide an internal mechanism for reporting, investigating and remedying any workplace wrongdoing. It is therefore hoped that it will not be necessary for staff to alert external organisations. However, in very serious circumstances, or following an internal report which has not been addressed, we recognise that it may be appropriate for you to report your concerns to an external body, such as a regulator. The government has prescribed a list of appropriate bodies for such external reporting, for example, the Environment Agency and the Health & Safety Executive.

How should a disclosure be made?

You can raise your concern/s either verbally or in writing. You must state that you are using the Whistleblowing Policy and specify whether you wish your identity to be kept confidential. The person receiving your concern will ask you to formalise your concerns in writing either before or after the first meeting. The person receiving your concern will acknowledge receipt of your formal written disclosure and keep a record of further action taken.

You are entitled to be accompanied by a workplace colleague or union representative at any meeting with the company under this procedure. Your companion will be asked to respect the confidentiality of your disclosure and any subsequent investigation.

We recognise that disclosures made under this policy may involve highly confidential and sensitive matters and that you may prefer to make an anonymous disclosure. However, we regret that we cannot guarantee to investigate all anonymous allegations. Proper investigation may prove impossible if the investigator cannot obtain further information from you, give you feedback, or ascertain whether your disclosure was made in good faith. It is preferable for whistle-blowers to reveal their identity and measures can be taken to preserve confidentiality if appropriate.

Investigation of disclosure

Warden Plastics is committed to investigating disclosures fully, fairly, quickly and confidentially where circumstances permit. Following your submission of a formal written disclosure, it will be acknowledged within five working days and make appropriate arrangements for investigation.

The length and scope of the investigation will depend on the subject matter of the disclosure. In most instances, the person carrying out the investigation will carry out an initial assessment of the disclosure to determine whether there are grounds for a more detailed investigation to take place or whether the disclosure is, for example based on erroneous information. In any event a report will be produced, and copies will be provided to the company and where appropriate you will receive a copy.

So far as the company considers it appropriate and practicable, you will be kept informed of the progress of the investigation. However, the need for confidentiality may prevent us giving you specific details of the investigation or actions taken. It is not normally appropriate to set a specific time frame for completion of investigations in advance, as the diverse nature of disclosure contemplated makes this unworkable. We will, however, aim to deal with all disclosures in a timely manner and with due regard to the rights of all individuals involved.

We recognise that there may be matters that cannot be dealt with internally and in respect of which external authorities will need to be notified and become involved either during or after our investigation. We will endeavour to inform you if a referral to an external authority is about to or has taken place, although we may need to make such a referral without your knowledge or consent if we consider it appropriate.

Confidentiality

Every effort will be made to keep the identity of an individual who makes a disclosure under this policy confidential, at least until any formal investigation is under way. In order not to jeopardise the investigation into the alleged malpractice, you will also be expected to keep the fact that you have raised concern, the nature of the concern and the identity of those involved confidential. There may, however, be circumstances in which, because of the nature of the investigation or disclosure, it will be necessary to disclose your identity. This may occur in investigations or proceedings. If in our view such circumstances exist, we will make efforts to inform you that your identity is likely to be disclosed. If it is necessary for you to participate in an investigation, the fact that you made the original disclosure will, so far as is reasonably practicable, be kept confidential and all reasonable steps will be taken to protect you from any victimisation or detriment as a result of having made a disclosure. It is likely, however, that your role as the whistle-blower could still become apparent to third parties during the course of an investigation.

Protection and support for Whistleblowers

No member of staff who raise genuinely held concerns in good faith under this procedure will be dismissed or subject to any detriment as a result of such action.

Detriment includes unwarranted disciplinary action and victimisation. If you believe that you are being subjected to a detriment within the workplace as a result of raising concerns under this procedure, you should inform the Managing Director or Dave House immediately. Staff who victimise or retaliate against those who have raised concerns under this policy will be subject to disciplinary action.

If an investigation under this procedure concludes that a disclosure has been made maliciously, vexatiously, in bad faith or with a view to personal gain, those choosing to make disclosure without following this procedure or anonymously may not receive the protection outlined above.

Corrective action and compliance

As part of the investigation into disclosures made under this policy, recommendations for change will be invited from the investigation team to enable Warden Plastics to minimise the risk of the recurrence of any malpractice or impropriety which has been uncovered. The company will be responsible for reviewing and implementing these recommendations in the future and for reporting on any changes required to the Company.

Monitoring and review of policy

This policy reflects Warden Plastics practice as at this date. The company will be responsible for reviewing this policy from a legislative and operational perspective at least annually.

The company has responsibility for ensuring that any personnel who may be involved with administration or investigations carried out under this policy receive regular and appropriate training to assist them with these duties.

Date	Amendments	By Whom	Version	Next review Date
11 th Jan. 2022	Reviewed by MD – external confidential help line removed	M. Barrett	3	2023